

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE REGULATED INDUSTRIES COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 2014

The accompanying Financial Statements of the Regulated Industries Commission for the year ended 31 December, 2014 have been audited. The Statements comprise a Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December, 2014, a Statement of Comprehensive Income, a Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December, 2014, Accounting Policies labelled a to m and notes to the Financial Statements numbered 1 to 12.

2. The audit was conducted by a firm of accountants appointed by the Board of the Commission with the written consent of the Auditor General. Their Report dated 28th March, 2018, which is attached, refers.

SUBMISSION OF REPORT

3. This Report is being submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate and the Minister of Finance in accordance with the provisions of sections 116 and 119 of the Constitution of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago.

20TH MARCH, 2019 PORT OF SPAIN



MAJEED ALI AUDITOR GENERAL

SS 20190320



Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2014

Contents		Page
Statement of management responsibilities	9	1
Auditors' report		2
Statement of financial position		3
Statement of comprehensive income		4
Statement of changes in shareholders' equity		5
Statement of cash flows		6
Accounting policies		7 - 9
Notes to the financial statements		10 - 14



March 28, 2018

Aegis & Co. 18 Scott Bushe Street Port of Spain

Management is responsible for the following:

- Preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of the Regulated Industries
 Commission which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014 and the
 statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended,
 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- Ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- Selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- Implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- •. Ensuring that the system of internal controls operated effectively during the reporting period;
- Producing reliable financial reporting that complies with laws and regulations, including the companies Act; and
- Using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited financial statements; management utilized the International Financial Reporting Standards. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorized for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Executive Director

Date: 28/08/2018

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 2 2 (03/2018

1st. & 3rd. Floors, Furness House, Corner of Wrightson Road & Independence Square Port of Spain, Republic of Trinidad & Tobago Telephone: (868) 625-5384, 627-0821, 627-7820, 627-0503, 625-3655. Fax: 624-2027 Email: ricoffice@ric.org.tt Website: www.ric.org.tt



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Commissioners of The Regulated Industries Commission

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Regulated Industries Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December, 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in shareholders' equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Regulated Industries Commission as at 31 December, 2014, of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Commissioners of The Regulated Industries Commission

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Chartered Accountants

Port of Spain

Trinidad, West Indies Date: 28th March, 2018

Email: info@aegistt.com

Statement of financial position

		31 De	cember
	Notes	2014	2013
× 5		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Motor Vehicle	2	458,597	514,680
Computers & Office Equipment	2	1,161,890	1,416,834
Office Furniture	2	362,110	343,078
Assets from Public Utilities Commission	2	254	474
1		1,982,851	2,275,066
Current assets			
Cash in Hand		3,000	3,000
Bank - Current Account		2,158,741	2,667,463
Bank - Money Market Fund Account	3	16,060,546	22,939,615
Prepayments	4	184,311	113,798
Rental Deposit		16,738	16,738
Accounts Receivable	5	=	39,560
Refundable Deposit	6	154,700	154,700
V.A.T. Recoverable		368,145	345,423
		18,946,181	26,280,297
Total assets		20,929,032	28,555,363
CAPITAL & LIABILITIES			
Accumulated Funds			
Accumulated Funds – Government Grants	7	254	474
Retained Earnings		20,418,501	26,453,095
Total shareholders' equity		20,418,755	26,453,569
Current liabilities			
Accounts Payable			
- Other	9	298,750	648,793
Gratuity Provision		63,030	568,278
Pension			643,667
Salary		148,497	241,056
20120320			
00190		510,277	2,101,794
WAR GOLD			
Total equity and liabilities		20,929,032	28,555,363

The accounting policies on pages 7 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 14 are an integral part of these financial statements.

On 28 March, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Regulated Industries Commission authorised these financial statements for issue.

Executive Director

Statement of comprehensive income

	Note		Ended ecember 2013
		\$	\$
INCOME		7 047 720	12 622 202
Cess Income	10	7,947,729	13,623,302 359,052
Other Income	10	34,842 7,982,571	13,982,354
Total Income		1,982,371	13,902,334
EXPENSES			
Advertising & Promotions		374,930	239,243
Allowances		158,300	216,320
Audit Fees		66,000	55,000
Bank Charges		2,534	3,877
Books and Periodicals		1,375	-
Charitable Contribution		6,795	1,575
Computer and Maintenance	*	8,995	28,036
Consultation Expenses		× -	1,591
Contract Gratuities		208,946	255,061
Contracted Services		225,850	175,108
Depreciation		547,979	555,091
Government Contribution to NIS		292,290	260,152
Group Health Insurance		149,853	147,057
Group Life Insurance		95,653	98,254
Insurance		85,146	98,785
Mail and Postage	1.1	3,447	3,918
Miscellaneous Expenses	11	343,983	205,559
Motor Vehicle Maintenance		65,140	97,064 68,174
Office Expenses		105,713 91,307	128,435
OOCUR Expenses		496,184	555,397
Pension Expense	2	87,732	30,276
Professional Fees and Legal Fees Remuneration to Board Members		507,514	560,966
Rent		2,331,000	2,245,250
Repairs and Maintenance		16,137	7,060
Salaries		7,012,672	7,190,007
Security and Janitorial Services		174,860	186,510
Subscriptions	9	121,768	233,476
Telephones		187,652	198,482
Training		268,784	420,840
Uniforms		20,249	3,976
Total Expenses		14,058,788	14,270,540
Total Comprehensive Loss for the year		(6,076,215)	(288,186)

The accounting policies on pages 7 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 14 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Fund Government Grant Relating to P.U.C	Total
÷	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 31 December			
Balance at 1 January 2014	26,453,094	474	26,453,568
Total comprehensive Loss for the year	(6,076,215)	i - 0,0	(6,076,215)
Depreciation in P.U.C Assets	41	(41)	1=
Prior period adjustment	41,581	(179)	41,402
Balance at 31 December 2014	20,418,501	254	20,418,755
Year ended 31 December			
Balance at 1 January 2013	26,761,349	541	26,761,890
Total comprehensive Loss for the year	(288,186)	, <u>-</u>	(288,186)
Depreciation in P.U.C Assets	67	(67)	× 17
Prior period adjustment	(20,136)	· ·	(20,136)
Balance at 31 December 2013	26,453,094	474	26,453,568

The accounting policies on pages 7 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 14 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows

		ended cember
	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(6,076,215)	(288,184)
Adjustments for items not requiring an outlay of funds:		
Depreciation	547,979	555,091
Depreciation – prior period adjustment	5,291	-
Prior period adjustment	41,402	(20,136)
Loss on sale of asset	104,595	-
Interest on Investment	(139,257)	(162,471)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(5,516,205)	84,300
(D) 11	(250.042)	422,778
(Decrease)/increase in Accounts Payable	(350,043) (505,248)	507,482
(Decrease)/increase in Gratuity Provision	(643,667)	(194,424)
Decrease in Pension	(92,559)	18,891
(Decrease)/increase in Salaries	(70,513)	54,093
(Increase)/decrease in Prepayments	S 17 18	12,138
Decrease in accounts receivables	39,560	
Increase in VAT recoverable	(22,722)	(44,790)
Net cash flows (absorbed by) / generated from operating activities	(7,161,397)	860,468
Investing activities		
Acquisition of fixed assets	(444,980)	(380,276)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	79,329	500 V
Interest on investment	139,257	162,471
Net cash flows absorbed by investing activities	(226,394)	(217,805)
(Decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(7,387,791)	642,663
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	25,610,078	24,967,415
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	18,222,287	25,610,078
Represented By:		
Cash in hand	3,000	3,000
Bank – current account	2,158,741	2,667,463
Bank – money market fund account	16,060,546	22,939,615
Dank - money market fund account		
	18,222,287	25,610,078

The accounting policies on pages 7 to 9 and the notes on pages 10 to 14 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Accounting policies 31 December 2014

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated below.

a Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

b Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost and are depreciated on the reducing balance basis, at rates estimated to write off the cost of each asset to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Motor Vehicles		25%
Computers	=	25%
Office Furniture	-9	12.5%
Office Equipment	-	12.5%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

Profits or losses on disposals of plant and equipment are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use.

The commission has adopted the policy of expensing assets that fall below the cost of \$1,000.00, even though that asset may have a useful life in excess of one (1) accounting period.

c Leases

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

d Revenue recognition

The commission is funded by CESS income which is obtained from utility service providers and is calculated based on a percentage of their income.

Accounting policies (continued) 31 December 2014

e Foreign currency translation

i) Functional and presentational currency

Items included in the company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Trinidad and Tobago dollars ("TT\$"), which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

Translation differences on debt securities and other monetary financial assets measured at fair value are included in foreign exchange gains and losses. Translation differences on non-monetary items such as equities held for trading are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on available-for-sale equities are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

f Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable and are stated at their approximate fair values determined in accordance with the policy statements disclosed.

g Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost and comprise cash in hand, cash at bank, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and funds held in Money Market Funds. Bank overdrafts are included within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalent also include the bank overdrafts.

h Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at original invoice amount less provision made for impairment of these receivables. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the recoverable amount. Provisions for impairment of receivables are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Accounting policies (continued) 31 December 2014

i Annuities

The company makes payments on behalf of its employees to deferred annuity plans. The deferred annuity plans are non-contributory by employees. A deferred annuity plan allows one to pay premiums and then receive a lump sum or series of regular payments at a preset future date, usually upon maturity of the plan or at retirement. The regular payments constitute net periodic costs for the year in which they are due and as such are included in staff costs.

j. Provisions

Provisions are recorded when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

k. Financial risk

For the purpose of these financial statements, financial assets include the money market fund, trustee pooled bond and certificate of deposit. All amounts are fixed with the application of simple interest on invested amounts. As at 31st December, 2014 the recorded values of all financial assets approximate their fair values and these financial instruments can be redeemed at any point in time.

1. Tax exempt status

By virtue of the Regulated Industries Commission Act, Chapter 54:73, Section 31, the commission is exempt from all stamp duties, customs duties, levies and other imposts on its income, profit or on assets which it acquires for its own use.

m. Leases

Contingent rents:

Contingent rents recognized as an expense or income, if material, shall be disclosed for each class of leases (i.e. operating and financing), FRS 17(31)(c,e), irrespective of whether the reporting enity is a lessee of lessor FRS 17(31)(c,d). The basis upon which the contingent rent payable was determined is required to be disclosed when the reporting is a lessee. FRS 17(47)(e)

Penalties for early termination;

Where such penalties are material, the following disclosure is suggested:

"When a lease is terminated before the lease period expires, any payment made (or received) by the Group as penalty is recgnised as an expense (or income) when termination takes place."RRS 17(56)(b)

Regulated Industries Commission rents 11,900 square foot of office space at \$16 per square foot (190,400 VAT Exclusive) and 11 car park spaces at \$3,500 VAT Exclusive from Furness Trinidad Limited, totaling \$2,326,800 per year payable as monthly installments of \$193,800 VAT Exclusive.

Notes to the financial statements 31 December 2014

1 Incorporation and business activities

The Regulated Industries Commission was established by the regulated Industries Commission Act, Chapter 54:73. The purpose of the commission is to regulate the activities of utility service providers through a system of licensing.

2 Property, plant and equipment

	Motor Vehicle \$	Computer and Office Equipment \$	Office Furniture \$	Assets from PUC \$	Total
Year ended 31 December 2013					
Opening net book amount Additions Disposals	686,239	1,408,173 345,607	354,928 34,669	541	2,449,881 380,276
Depreciation charge	(171,560)	(336,945)	(46,519)	(67)	(555,091)
Closing net book amount	514,679	1,416,835	343,078	474	2,275,066
As at 31 December 2013					
Cost Accumulated depreciation	981,330 (466,651)	3,866,230 (2,449,485)	1,196,964 (853,886)	11,945 (11,471)	6,056,559 (3,781,493)
Net book amount	514,679	1,416,835	343,078	474	2,275,066
Year ended 31 December 2014					
Opening net book amount	514,679	1,416,835	343,078	474	2,275,066
Additions	263,400	116,063	65,517		444,980
Disposals	(162,273)	(21,106)	(366)	(179)	(183,924)
Depreciation charge	(157,209)	(344,610)	(46,119)	(41)	(547,979)
Prior Period Depreciation		(5,291)			(5,291)
Closing net book amount	458,597	1,161,891	362,110	254	1,982,852
As at 31 December 2014					
Cost	1,082,457	3,961,187	1,262,115	11,945	6,317,615
Accumulated depreciation	(623,860)	(2,799,386)	(900,005)	(11,691)	(4,334,763)
Net book amount	458,579	1,161,891	362,110	254	1,982,852

Notes to the financial statements (continued) 31 December 2014

3	Bank – Money Market	2014 \$	2013 \$
3	RBL Money Market RBL Money Market (Land) RBL Pooled Bond RBL Certificate of Deposit	3,862,317 7,081,686 5,116,543	3,045,275 7,016,342 8,031,401 4,846,598
		16,060,546	22,939,615

The Money Market Funds have been classified as a cash equivalent because management uses the account for working capital requirements. The interest rate at the year-end was 0.85%.

4	Prepayments	2014 \$	2013 \$
	Insurance Copiers Maintenance Contract Contract Services HP Support Services TTPOST – PO Box Rental OOCUR Membership	43,479 24,322 96,144 620 	37,810 18,196 25,724 32,068
		101,511	
5	Accounts Receivables	2014 \$	2013 \$
	Interest	-	39,560
6	Refundable Deposit	2014 \$	2013 \$
	Deposit of two (2) months' rent with Furness (Trinidad) Ltd.	154,700	154,700

Notes to the financial statements (continued) 31 December 2014

7 Accumulated Funds – Government Grants - \$248

This represents the balance in the government grants account with respect to the assets taken over from the former Public Utilities Commission. The government grant is accounted for in accordance with circular F 22/8/43 issued by the Ministry of Finance to all Government Institutions on 23rd July 1969.

8 Retained Earnings – Depreciation on P.U.C. Assets - \$225

An amount equivalent to the depreciation charge on assets taken over from the former Public Utilities Commission (PUC) was transferred from the Reserves Accumulated Funds – Government Grants to Retained Earnings. This measure, in effect, reimbursed the Regulated Industries Commission for the depreciation expense incurred on behalf of the PUC.

This method of depreciation used is in accordance with circular F 22/8/43 issued by the Ministry of Finance to all Government institutions on July 23rd July 1969.

(See Statement of Changes in Equity, Page 5)

9	Accounts Payables Other	2014 \$	2013 \$
	Advertising	76,281	49,928
	Arrears of Increment	_	10,288
	Audit Fees	121,000	112,654
	Catering Christmas Lunch		9,172
	Contract Services - Health and Safety Policy Documents	22,787	,,,,
	Donations	460	-
	Gas Bills	2,865	
	Insurance	-,000	3,436
	Janitorial	10,351	6,673
	Mail and Postage		216
	RIC's Outreach Programme	1,040	210
	Security	7,920	23,220
	Staledated Cheques	14,189	46,080
	Office Equipment	300	253,967
	Training for new Supervisors	2,750	255,707
	Subscriptions	2,750	99,652
	Telephone	38,807	33,507
	: //	30,007	33,307
		298,750	648,793

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 December 2014

10	Other Income	2014 \$	2013 \$
	Interest from Investments Loss on Disposal of Assets PUC Other Receipts	139,257 (104,595) 180	202,030
		<u>34,842</u>	359,052
11	Miscellaneous Expenses	2014 \$	2013 \$
	Staff Functions Staff Welfare Carnival Catering	182,583 71,980 55,852 33,568	125,204 61,920 - 18,435
		<u>343,983</u>	205,559

12 Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to credit risk, compliance risk and reputation risk. The company's overall risk management procedures employed manage the risks as discussed below:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a loss for the other party by failing to pay for its obligation. Credit risk relating to accounts receivable balances are consistently managed and analysed for each client. Cash balances are held with reputable financial institutions and the company has actively sought to limit the amount of exposure to any single financial institution therefore minimizing credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents.

The Company also actively monitors global economic developments and government policies that may affect the growth rate of the local economy.

(b) Compliance risk

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited to a significant extent due to the supervision applied by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, as well as by the monitoring controls applied by the company. The company has an Audit Committee which does routine reviews on compliance.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) 31 December 2014

(c) Reputation risk

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to the company's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue and legal cases against the company. The company engages in activities that bring awareness to its operations and therefore engender trust and minimize this risk.